

MAY 13 1998

Refer to Legislative Secretary

The Honorable Antonio R. Unpingco Speaker Mina'Bente Kuåttro na Liheslaturan Guåhan Twenty-Fourth Guam Legislature Guam Legislature Temporary Building 155 Hesler Street Hagåtña, Guam 96910

Dear Speaker Unpingco:

Enclosed please find Substitute Bill No. 594 (COR), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.", which I have signed into law today as Public Law No. 24-207.

This legislation completely revises the current law relative to the practice of pharmacy on Guam. The legislation is much more complete than the current law, adding numerous definitions of terms relative to the field and moving the field into the Twenty-First Century by including modern technology such as accepting prescription through electronic transmission, or telepharmacy across Guam-state lines, and acknowledging that pharmacies now use computers to fill prescriptions.

This new legislation provides that prescriptions are part of a person's medical record and includes a "confidentiality clause" for this purpose.

It also allows for the position of registered "pharmacy technicians" to assist pharmacists. This position can be an "entry level" position, to encourage young people to go through training procedures to express their interest in the field of pharmacy.

Office of the Speaker

ANTONIO R. UNPINGCO

Speaker/SB594/PL24-207 May, 1998 - Page 2

This legislation is synchronized with the passage of Bill No. 501, Advanced Practice of Registered Nursing (APRN).

This legislation is in concurrence with the U.S. Federal Law regulating pharmacy practice.

Very truly yours,

Carl T. C. Gutierrez
I Maga'lahen Guåhan
Governor of Guam

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Attachment:

copy attached for signed bill original attached for vetoed bill

cc: The Honorable Joanne M. S. Brown Legislative Secretary

MINA'BENTE KUATTRO NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN 1998 (SECOND) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'LAHEN GUAHAN

This is to certify that Substitute Bill No. 594 (COR), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT," was on the 27th day of April, 1998, duly and regularly passed. TONIO R. UNPINGCO Speaker Attested ÍOANNE M.S. BROWN Senator and Legislative Secretary This Act was received by I Maga'lahen Guahan this 1st day of May, 1998, at 12.05 o'clock \mathcal{P} .M. Governor's Office APPROVED:

CARL T. C. GUTIERREZ

I Maga'lahen Guahan

Date: 5-13-98

Public Law No. 24-207

MINA'BENTE KUATTRO NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN 1998 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No. 594 (COR)

As substituted by the Committee on Health and Human Services and amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

J. C. Salas
L. F. Kasperbauer
A. C. Blaz
Felix P. Camacho
T. C. Ada
F. B. Aguon, Jr.
J. M.S. Brown
Francisco P. Camacho
M. C. Charfauros
W. B.S.M. Flores
Mark Forbes
A. C. Lamorena, V
C. A. Leon Guerrero
L. Leon Guerrero

V. C. Pangelinan A. L.G. Santos F. E. Santos

A. R. Unpingco J. Won Pat-Borja

E. J. Cruz

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE P	PEOPLE OF GUAM:
2	Section 1. Article 6 of C	hapter 12 of Title 10 of the Guam Code
3	Annotated is hereby repealed and	reenacted to read as follows:
4	"1	ARTICLE 6.
5	GUAM PHAR	MACY PRACTICE ACT.
6	Section 12601.	Title of Act.
7	Section 12602.	Legislative Declaration.
8	Section 12603.	Statement of Purpose.
9	Section 12604.	Practice of Pharmacy.
10	Section 12605.	Definitions.
11	Section 12606.	Board of Pharmacy: Designation.
12	Section 12607.	Membership.
13	Section 12608.	Qualifications.
14	Section 12609.	Appointment.
₃ 15	Section 12610.	Terms of Office.
16	Section 12611.	Vacancies.
17	Section 12612.	Removal.
18	Section 12613.	Organization.
19	Section 12614.	Compensation of Board Members.
20	Section 12615.	Meetings.
21	Section 12616.	Rules.
22	Section 12617.	Powers and Responsibilities.
23	Section 12618.	Licensing: Unlawful Practice.
24	Section 12619.	Qualifications for Licensure by
25		Examination.

1	Section 12620.	Qualifications for License Transfer.
2		Reciprocity.
3	Section 12621.	Qualifications for Registration to Practice
4		Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines.
5	Section 12622.	Renewal of Licenses.
6	Section 12623.	Continuing Pharmacy Education.
7	Section 12624.	Intern/Extern Licensure.
8	Section 12625.	Registration of Pharmacy Technicians.
9	Section 12626.	Discipline: Grounds, Penalties and
10		Reinstatement.
11	Section 12627.	Procedure.
12	Section 12628.	Licensing of Facilities: Licensing.
13	Section 12629.	Application.
14	Section 12630.	Notifications.
15	Section 12631.	Grounds, Penalties and Reinstatement.
16	Section 12601.	Title of Act. This Act shall be known as the
17	"Guam Pharmacy Pract	rice Act."

Section 12602. Legislative Declaration. The practice of pharmacy in Guam is declared a professional practice affecting the public health, safety, and welfare and is subject to regulation and control in the public interest. It is further declared to be a matter of public interest and concern that the practice of pharmacy, as defined in this Act, merit and receive the confidence of the public and that only qualified persons be permitted to engage in the practice of pharmacy, and to ensure the quality of drugs and related devices distributed on

Guam. This Act shall be liberally construed to carry out these objectives and purposes.

Section 12603. Statement of Purpose. It is the purpose of this Act to promote, preserve and protect the public health, safety and welfare by and through the effective control and regulation of the practice of pharmacy; the licensure of pharmacists; the licensure, control and regulation of all sites or persons in Guam that distribute, manufacture or sell drugs, or devices used in the dispensing and administration of drugs, within Guam, and the regulation and control of such other materials as may be used in the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of injury, illness and disease of a patient or other individual.

Section 12604. Practice of Pharmacy. For purposes of this Article the "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, evaluation and implementation of medical orders; the dispensing of prescription drug orders; participation in drug and device selection, drug administration, drug regimen reviews, and drug or drug-related research; provision of patient counseling and the provision of those acts or services necessary to provide pharmaceutical care in all areas of patient care, including primary care; and the responsibility for compounding and labeling of drugs and devices, except labeling by a manufacturer, repackaged, or distributor of non-prescription drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs and devices, proper and safe storage of drugs and devices, and maintenance of proper records for them.

Section 12605. Definitions. For purposes of this Article, the following words and phrases have been defined to mean:

- (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug to the body of a patient or research subject by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means.
- (b) 'Automated Pharmacy Systems' include, but are not limited to, mechanical systems which perform operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relative to the storage, packaging, dispensing or distribution of medications, and which collect, control, and maintain all transaction information.
- (c) 'Beyond-Use Date' means a date determined by a pharmacist and placed on a prescription label at the time of dispensing that is intended to indicate to the patient or caregiver a time beyond which the contents of the prescription are not recommended to be used.
- (d) 'Board of Pharmacy' or 'Board' means the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy.
- (e) 'Collaborative Pharmacy Practice' is that practice of pharmacy whereby a pharmacist has jointly agreed, on a voluntary basis, to work in conjunction with one or more practitioners under protocol whereby the pharmacist may perform certain patient care functions authorized by the practitioner or practitioners under certain specified conditions and/or limitations.
- (f) 'Compounding' means the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device: (i) as the result of practitioner's prescription drug order or initiative based on the

practitioner/patient/pharmacist relationship in the course of professional practice, or (ii) for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding also includes the preparation of drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns.

- (g) 'Confidential Information' means information accessed, maintained by or transmitted to the Pharmacist in the patient's records, or which is communicated to the patient as part of patient counseling, which is privileged and may be released only to the patient or, as the patient directs, to those practitioners, other authorized health care professionals and other pharmacists where, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, such release is necessary to protect the patient's health and well being; and to such other persons or governmental agencies authorized by law to receive such confidential information, regardless of whether such information is in the form of paper, preserved on microfilm or is stored on electronic media.
- (h) 'Deliver' or 'Delivery' means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of a drug or device from one (1) person to another, whether or not for a consideration.
- (i) 'Device' means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, or other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, which is required under Federal law to bear the label, 'Caution: Federal or State law requires dispensing by or on the order of a physician.'

1	(j) 'Dispense' or 'Dispensing' means the interpretation,
2	evaluation and implementation of a prescription drug order, including
3	the preparation and delivery of a drug or device to a patient or patient's
4	agent in a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent
5	Administration to, or use by, a patient.
6	(k) 'Distribute' means the delivery of a drug or device other
7	than by administering or dispensing.
8	(l) 'Drug' means:
9	(1) articles recognized as drugs in any official
10	compendium, or supplement thereto, designated from time to
11	time by the Board for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
12	treatment, or prevention of disease in human or other animals;
13	(2) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure,
14	mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in human or other
15	animals;
16	(3) articles, other than food, intended to affect the
17	structure or any function of the body of human or other animals;
18	and
19	(4) articles intended for use as a component of any articles
20	specified in clauses (1), (2) or (3) of this Subsection.
21	(m) 'Drug Regimen Review' includes, but is not limited to, the
22	following activities:
23	(1) evaluation of the prescription drug order(s) and
24	patient record(s) for:
25	(i) known allergies;

1	(11) rational therapy-contraindications;
2	(iii) reasonable dose and route of administration; and
3	(iv) reasonable directions for use;
4	(2) evaluation of the prescription drug order(s) and
5	patient record(s) for duplication of therapy;
6	(3) evaluation of the prescription drug order(s) and
7	patient record(s) for interactions:
8	(i) drug-drug;
9	(ii) drug-food;
10	(iii) drug-disease; and
11	(iv) adverse drug reactions.
12	(4) evaluation of the prescription drug order(s) and
13	patient record(s) for proper utilization, including over- or under-
4	utilization, and optimum therapeutic outcomes;
15	(n) 'Electronic Transmission' means transmission of
16	information in electronic form or the transmission of the exact visual
17	image of a document by way of electronic equipment.
18	(o) 'Emergency Situations' for the purposes of authorizing an
19	oral prescription drug order or a Schedule II controlled substance,
20	means those situations in which the prescribing practitioner determines:
21	(1) that immediate administration of the controlled
22	substance is necessary for proper treatment of the patient,
23	(2) that no appropriate alternative treatment is available,
24	including Administration of a drug which is not a Schedule II
25	controlled substance, and

(3) that it is not reasonably possible for the prescribing Practitioner to provide a written prescription drug order to be presented to the person dispensing the substance, prior to the dispensing.

- (p) 'Equivalent Drug Product' means a drug product which has the same established name, active ingredient(s), strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of Administration and which is formulated to contain the same amount of active ingredient(s) in the same dosage form and to meet the same compendial or other applicable standards, (i.e. strength, quality, purity and identity,) but which may differ in characteristics such as shape, scoring, configuration, packaging, excipients (including colors, flavors, preservatives), and expiration time.
- (q) 'Home Infusion Pharmacy' means a pharmacy which compounds solutions for direct administration to a patient in a private residence, long term care facility, or hospice setting by means of parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal infusion.

(r) 'Intern' means an individual who is:

- (1) currently licensed by the Board to engage in the practice of pharmacy while under the personal supervision of a pharmacist and is satisfactorily progressing toward meeting the requirements for licensure as a pharmacist; or
- (2) a graduate of an approved college of pharmacy or a graduate who has established educational equivalency by obtaining a Foreign Pharmacy Graduate Examination Committee

('FPGEC') Certificate, who is currently licensed by the Board of Pharmacy for the purpose of obtaining practical experience as a requirement for licensure as a pharmacist; or

- (3) a qualified applicant awaiting examination for licensure; or
- (4) an individual participating in a residency or fellowship program.
- (s) 'Labeling' means the process of preparing and affixing a label to any drug container, exclusive, however, of the labeling by a manufacturer, packer or distributor of a non-prescription drug or commercially packaged legend drug or device. Any such label shall include all information required by Federal and state law or rule.
- (t) "Long Term Care Facility" means a nursing home, retirement care, mental care, or other facility or institution which provides extended health care to resident patients.
- (u) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacture of drugs or devices.
- (v) "Manufacturing" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance(s) or labeling or relabeling of its container, and the promotion and marketing of such drugs or devices. Manufacturing also includes the preparation and

promotion of commercially available products from bulk compounds for resale by pharmacies, practitioners or other persons.

- (w) 'Medical Order' means a lawful order of a practitioner which may or may not include a prescription drug order.
- (x) 'Non-Prescription Drug' means a drug which may be sold without a prescription and which is labeled for use by the consumer in accordance with the requirements of the laws and rules of Guam and the Federal government.
- (y) 'Non-Resident Pharmacy' means a pharmacy located outside Guam.
- (z) 'Patient Counseling' means the oral communication by the Pharmacist of information, as defined in the rules of the Board, to the patient or caregiver, in order to ensure proper use of drugs and devices.
- (aa) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other legal entity including government.
- (bb) "Pharmaceutical Care" is the provision of drug therapy and other patient care services intended to achieve outcomes related to the cure or prevention of a disease, elimination or reduction of a patient's symptoms, or arresting or slowing of a disease process as defined in the rules of the Board.
- (cc) 'Pharmacist' means an individual currently licensed by the Board to engage in the practice of pharmacy.
- (dd) 'Pharmacist-in-Charge' means a pharmacist currently licensed in Guam who accepts responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy in conformance with all laws and rules pertinent to the

practice of pharmacy and the distribution of drugs, and who is personally in full and actual charge of such pharmacy and personnel.

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- (ee) 'Pharmacy' means any place within Guam where drugs are dispensed and pharmaceutical care is provided and any place outside of Guam where drugs are dispensed and pharmaceutical care is provided to residents of Guam.
- (ff) 'Pharmacy Technician' means personnel who assist in the practice of pharmacy under the personal and direct supervision of a pharmacist, and are registered with the Board as defined in §12614 of this Act.
- (gg) 'Practice of Telepharmacy' means the provision of pharmaceutical care through the use of telecommunications and information technologies to patients at a distance.
- (hh) 'Practitioner' means an individual currently licensed, registered, or otherwise authorized by the jurisdiction to prescribe and, administer drugs in the course of professional practice in Guam.
- (ii) 'Preceptor' means an individual who is currently licensed as a Pharmacist by the Board of Pharmacy, meets the qualifications as a preceptor under the rules of the Board, and participates in the instructional training of pharmacy Interns.
- (jj) 'Prescription Drug' or 'Legend Drug' means a drug which is required under Federal law to be labeled with either of the following statements prior to being dispensed or delivered: (i) 'Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription'; or (ii) 'Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by, or on the order of, a licensed

veterinarian'; or (iii) a drug which is required by any applicable Federal or state law or rule to be dispensed pursuant only to a prescription drug order or is restricted to use by practitioners only.

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- (kk) 'Prescription Drug Order' means a lawful order of a practitioner for a drug or device for a specific patient, including orders derived from Collaborative Pharmacy Practice, that is communicated directly to a pharmacist in a licensed pharmacy.
- 'Primary Care' is the first level of contact of individuals, the (II)family, and the community with the health care delivery system, bringing health care as close as possible to where people live and work, and constitutes the first element of a continuing health care process. Areas of Primary Care where pharmacists provide Pharmaceutical Care include, but are not limited to, the following: chronic disease child health: smoking cessation; maternal and management; immunizations; family planning; self-care consulting; drug selection under protocol; treatment of common diseases and injuries; nutrition; and general health education and promotion.
- (mm) 'Prospective Drug Use Review' means a review of the patient's drug therapy and prescription drug order, as part of a drug regimen review, as defined in the rules of the Board, prior to dispensing the drug.
- (nn) 'Significant Adverse Drug Reaction' means any drug-related incident that may result in serious harm, injury or death to the patient.
- (00) 'Wholesale Distributor' means any person engaged in wholesale distribution of drugs, including, but not limited to,

manufacturers; repackagers; own label distributors; private-label distributors; jobbers; brokers; warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses, chain drug warehouses and wholesale drug warehouses; independent wholesale drug traders; and retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale distributions.

Section 12606. Board of Pharmacy: Designation. The responsibility for enforcement of the provisions of this Act is hereby vested in the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy. The Board shall have all of the duties, powers and authority specifically granted by or necessary for the enforcement of this Act, as well as such other duties, powers and authority as it may be granted from time to time by applicable law(s).

Section 12607. Membership. The Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy shall consist of five (5) members, each of whom shall be pharmacists who possess the qualifications specified in §12608.

Section 12608. Qualifications. Each pharmacist member of the Board of Pharmacy shall at the time of appointment:

- (1) be a resident of Guam for not less than two (2) years;
- (2) be currently licensed and in good standing to engage in the practice of pharmacy in Guam;
- (3) be actively engaged in the practice of pharmacy in Guam; and
- (4) have two (2) years of experience in the practice of pharmacy in Guam after licensure.

Section 12609. Appointment. (a) *I Maga'lahen Guahan* shall appoint the members of the Board of Pharmacy in accordance with other provisions of this Section.

(b) Nominations for appointment to the Board of Pharmacy may be made to *I Maga'lahen Guahan* by any individual, association or any other entity. Such nominations shall be recommendations only and shall not be binding in any manner upon *I Maga'lahen Guahan*.

Section 12610. Terms of Office. (a) Except as provided in Subsection (b), members of the Board of Pharmacy shall be appointed for a term of three (3) years, except that members of the Board who are appointed to fill vacancies which occur prior to the expiration of a former member's full term shall serve the unexpired portion of such term.

- (b) The terms of the members of the Board shall be staggered, so that the terms of no more than three (3) members shall expire in any year. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.
 - (1) The present members of the Board shall serve the balance of their terms.
 - (2) Any present Board member appointed initially for a term of less than thee (3) years shall be eligible to serve for two (2) additional full terms.

Section 12611. Vacancies. Any vacancy which occurs in the membership of the Board for any reason, including expiration of

term, removal, resignation, death, disability or disqualification, shall be filled by *I Maga'lahen Guahan* in the manner prescribed by §12609.

Section 12612. Removal. (a) A Board member may be removed pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Section (b), upon one (1) or more or the following grounds:

- (1) the refusal or inability for any reason of a Board member to perform his duties as a member of the Board in an efficient, responsible and professional manner;
- (2) the misuse of office by a member of the Board to obtain personal, pecuniary, or material gain or advantage for himself or another through such office;
- (3) the violation by any member of the laws governing the practice of pharmacy or the distribution of drugs and/or devices.
- (4) the absence of the member for three (3) consecutive Board meeting.
- (b) Removal of a member of the Board of Pharmacy shall be in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law of Guam, or other applicable laws.

Section 12613. Organization. (a) The Guam Board of Pharmacy shall elect from its members a Chairperson and such other officers as it deems appropriate and necessary to the conduct of its business. The Chairperson of the Board of Pharmacy shall preside at all meetings of the Board, and shall be responsible for the performance of all of the duties and functions of the Board required or permitted by this Act. Each additional officer elected by the Board shall perform those

duties normally associated with his position and such other duties assigned to him from time to time by the Board.

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- (b) Officers elected by the Board shall serve terms of one (1) year commencing with the day of their election and ending upon election of their successors, and shall serve no more than four (4) consecutive full terms in each office to which they are elected.
- (c) Department of Public Health & Social Services shall provide administrative services and support for the Board.

Section 12614. Compensation of Board Members. Each member of the Board of Pharmacy shall receive as compensation Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for each day on which the member is engaged in performance of the official duties of the Board, and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the discharge of such official duties.

Section 12615. Meetings. (a) The Board of Pharmacy shall meet no less than four (4) times a year to transact its business. The Board shall meet at such additional times as it may determine. Such additional meetings may be called by the Chairperson of the Board or by two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the Board.

(b) The Board shall meet at such place as it may from time to time determine. The place for each meeting shall be determined prior to giving notice of such meeting and shall not be changed after such notice is given without adequate prior notice.

(c) Notice of all meetings of the Board shall be given in the manner and pursuant to requirements prescribed by the Administrative Adjudication Law and Guam statute.

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- (d) A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of a Board meeting and, except where a greater number is required by this Act or by any rule of the Board, all actions of the Board shall be by a majority of a quorum.
- (e) All Board meetings and hearings shall be open to the public. The Board may, in its discretion and according to law, conduct any portion of its meeting in executive session, closed to the public.

Section 12616. Rules. The Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy shall make, adopt, amend and repeal such rules as may be deemed necessary by the Board from time to time for the proper administration and enforcement of this Act. Such rules shall be promulgated in accordance with the procedures specified in the Administrative Adjudication Law of Guam.

Section 12617. Powers and Responsibilities. (a) The Board of Pharmacy shall be responsible for the control and regulation of the practice of pharmacy in Guam, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) the licensing by examination or by license transfer of applicants who are qualified to engage in the practice of pharmacy under the provisions of this Act;
- (2) the renewal of licenses to engage in the practice of pharmacy;

- (3) the establishment and enforcement of compliance with professional standards and rules of conduct of pharmacists engaged in the practice of pharmacy;
- (4) the determination and issuance of standards for recognition and approval of degree programs of schools and colleges of pharmacy whose graduates shall be eligible for licensure in Guam, and the specification and enforcement of requirements for practical training, including internship;
- (5) the enforcement of those provisions of this Act relating to the conduct or competence of pharmacists practicing in Guam, and the suspension, revocation or restriction of licenses to engage in the practice of pharmacy;
- (6) the licensure and regulation of the training, qualifications and employment of pharmacy interns and pharmacy technicians;
 - (7) the collection of professional demographic data;
- (8) the right to seize any such drugs and devices found by the Board to constitute an imminent danger to the public health and welfare;
- (9) establishing minimum specifications for the physical facilities, technical equipment, environment, supplies, personnel and procedures for the storage, compounding and/or dispensing of such drugs or devices, and for the monitoring of drug therapy;

(10) establishing minimum standards for the purity and quality of such drugs, devices and other materials within the practice of pharmacy;

- (11) the issuance and renewal of licenses of all persons engaged in the manufacture and distribution of drugs and devices;
- (12) inspection of any licensed person at all reasonable hours for the purpose of determining if any provisions of the laws governing the legal distribution of drugs or devices or the practice of pharmacy are being violated. (The Board of Pharmacy, its officers, inspectors and representatives shall cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of the United States, of Guam and of all other states relating to drugs, devices, and the practice of pharmacy); and
- (13) establishing minimum standards for maintaining the integrity and confidentiality of prescription information and other patient health care information.
- (b) The Board of Pharmacy shall have such other duties, powers and authority as may be necessary to the enforcement of this Act, and to the enforcement of Board rules made pursuant thereto, which shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) the Board may join such professional organizations and associations organized exclusively to promote the improvement of the standards of the practice of pharmacy for the

protection of the health and welfare, of the public and/or whose 1 activities assist and facilitate the work of the Board. 2 The Board may receive and expend funds, in addition 3 (2) to its annual appropriation, from parties other than the 4 government, provided: 5 such funds are awarded for the pursuit of a (i) 6 specific objective which the Board is authorized to 7 accomplish by this Act, or which the Board is qualified to 8 accomplish by reason of its jurisdiction or professional 9 10 expertise; such funds are expended for the pursuit of the 11 (ii)objective for which they are awarded; 12 13 activities connected with or occasioned by the expenditures of such funds do not interfere with the 14 15 performance of the Board's duties and responsibilities, and do not conflict with the exercise of the Board's powers as 16 17 specified by this Act; 18 (iv) such funds are kept in a separate, special 19 account: and 20 periodic reports are made concerning the Board's 21 receipt and expenditure of such funds. 22 The Board may establish a Bill of Rights for patients (3) 23 concerning the health care services a patient may expect in regard 24 to pharmaceutical care.

(4) Any investigation, inquiry, or hearing which the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy is empowered to hold or undertake may be held or undertaken by or before any member or members of the Board and the finding or order of such member or members shall by deemed to be the order of said Board when approved and confirmed as noted in §12615(d).

(5) Embargo.

- (i) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, whenever a duly authorized representative of the Board finds, or has probable cause to believe, that any drug or device is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Guam Food and Drug Act, he shall affix to such drug or device a tag, or other appropriate marking, giving notice that such article is, or is suspected of, being adulterated or misbranded, has been detained or embargoed, and warning all persons not to remove or dispose of such article by sale or otherwise until provision for removal or disposal is given by the Board, its agent, or the Court. No person shall remove or dispose of such embargoed drug or device, by sale or otherwise, without the permission of the Board or its agent or, after summary proceedings have been instituted, without permission from the Court.
- (ii) When a drug or device detained or embargoed under Paragraph (i) of this Subsection (5) has been declared by such representative to be adulterated or misbranded, the

Board shall, as soon as practical thereafter, petition the Judge of the Superior Court, in which jurisdiction the article is detained or embargoed, for an order for condemnation of such article. If the judge determines that the drug or device so detained or embargoed is not adulterated or misbranded, the Board shall direct the immediate removal of the tag or other marking.

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(iii) If the court finds the detained or embargoed drug or device is adulterated or misbranded, such drug or device, after entry of the decree, shall be destroyed at the expense of the owner under the supervision of a Board representative, and all court costs and fees, storage and other proper expense shall be borne by the owner of such drug or device. When the adulteration or misbranding can be corrected by proper labeling or processing of the drug or device, the Court, after entry of the decree and after such costs, fees and expenses have been paid and a good and sufficient bond has been posted, may direct that such drug or device be delivered to the owner thereof for such labeling processing under the supervision of representative. Expense of such supervision shall be paid by the owner. Such bond shall be returned to the owner of the drug or device on representation to the Court by the Board that the drug or device is no longer in violation of the embargo and the expense of supervision has been paid.

(iv) It is the duty of the Attorney General to whom the Board reports any violation of §12617(b)(5) to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted in the proper court without delay and to be prosecuted in the manner required by law. Nothing in this Subparagraph (iv) shall be construed to require the Board to report violations whenever the Board believes the public's interest will be adequately served in the circumstances by a suitable written notice or warning.

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- (6) The Board may place under seal all drugs or devices that are owned by or in the possession, custody or control of a licensee at the time his license is suspended or revoked, or at the time the Board refuses to renew his license. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, drugs or devices so sealed shall not be disposed of until appeal rights under the Administrative Adjudication Law have expired, or an appeal filed pursuant to that Law has been determined. The court involved in an appeal filed pursuant to the Administrative Adjudication Law may order the Board, during the pendency of the appeal, to sell sealed drugs that are perishable. The proceeds of such a sale shall be deposited with that court.
- (7) Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, the Board shall exercise all of its duties, powers and authority in accordance with the Guam Administrative Adjudication Law.

1	(8) In addition to the fees specifically provided for herein,
2	the Board may assess additional reasonable fees for services
3	rendered to carry out its duties and responsibilities as required or
4	authorized by this Act or rules adopted hereunder. Such services
5	rendered shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
6	(i) issuance of duplicate certificates or identification
7	cards;
8	(ii) mailing lists, or reports of data maintained by
9	the Board;
10	(iii) copies of any documents;
11	(iv) certification of documents;
12	(v) notices of meetings;
13	(vi) licensure transfer;
14	(vii) examination administration to a licensure
15	applicant; and
16	(viii) examination materials.
17	(9) Cost Recovery.
18	(i) If any order issues in resolution of a disciplinary
19	proceeding before the Board of Pharmacy, the Board may
20	request the hearing officer to direct any licensee found guilty
21	of a charge involving a violation of any drug laws or rules,
22	to pay to the Board a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs
23	of the investigation and prosecution of the case and, in any
24	case, not to exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars
25	(\$25,000.00).

- (ii) In the case of a pharmacy or wholesale distributor, the order may be made as to the corporate owner, if any, and as to any pharmacist, officer, owner or partner of the pharmacy or wholesale distributor who is found to have had knowledge of or have knowingly participated in one (1) or more of the violations set forth in this Section.
- (iii) The costs to be assessed shall be fixed by the hearing officer and shall not be increased by the Board; where the Board does not adopt a proposed decision and remands the case to a hearing officer, the hearing officer shall not increase any assessed costs.
- (iv) Where an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the Board's decision, the Board may enforce the order for payment in the Superior Court in the territory where the administrative hearing was held. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the Board may have as to any person directed to pay costs.
- (v) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the Board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

Section 12618. Licensing: Unlawful Practice. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, it shall be unlawful for any individual to

engage in the practice of pharmacy unless currently licensed to practice under any facet of the provisions of this Act.

- (b) Licensed Practitioners authorized under the laws of Guam to compound drugs and to dispense drugs to their patients in the practice of their respective professions shall meet the same standards, record keeping requirements and all other requirements for the dispensing of drugs applicable to pharmacists.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any individual to assist in the practice of pharmacy unless currently registered as a pharmacy technician according to the provisions of this Act.
- (d) Any individual who, after hearing, shall be found by the Board to have unlawfully engaged in the practice of pharmacy shall be subject to a fine to be imposed by the Board for each offense. Each such violation of this Act or the rules promulgated hereunder pertaining to unlawfully engaging in the practice of pharmacy shall also constitute a misdemeanor punishable upon conviction as provided in the criminal code of Guam.

Section 12619. Qualifications for Licensure by Examination.

- (a) To obtain a license to engage in the practice of pharmacy, an applicant for licensure by examination shall:
 - (1) have submitted a written application in the form prescribed by the Board of Pharmacy;
 - (2) have attained the age of majority;
 - (3) shall not have been found guilty by a competent authority, United States or foreign, of any conduct that would

constitute grounds for disciplinary action under the regulations of the Board or the Act (The Board should be authorized, at its discretion, to modify this restriction for cause, but it should be directed to use such discretionary authority in a consistent manner.);

- (4) at the discretion of the Board, shall make a personal appearance before the Board or a representative thereof for interview, examination or review of credentials at the request of the Board (At the discretion of the Board, the applicant may be required to present his or her original education credentials for inspection at the time of personal appearance.);
- (5) shall be held responsible for verifying to the satisfaction of the Board the validity of all credentials required for his or her licensure;
- (6) have graduated and received the first professional undergraduate degree from a college or school of pharmacy that has been approved by the Board of Pharmacy;
- (7) have graduated from a foreign college of pharmacy, completed a transcript verification program, taken and passed a college of pharmacy equivalency exam program and completed a process of communication ability testing, as defined under Board of Pharmacy regulations so that it is assured that the applicant meets standards necessary to protect public health and safety;
- (8) have completed all internship or other program that has been approved by the Board of Pharmacy, or demonstrated to

the Board's satisfaction that experience in the practice of pharmacy which meets or exceeds the minimum internship requirements of the Board:

- (9) have successfully passed an examination or examinations as required by the Board of Pharmacy; and
- (10) have paid the fees specified by the Board of Pharmacy for the examination and any related materials, and have paid for the issuance of the license.

(b) Examinations.

- (1) The examination for licensure required under §12615(a)(6) of the Act, shall be given by the Board at least once during each year. The Board shall determine the content and subject matter of each examination, the place, time and date of administration of the examination.
- (2) The examination shall be prepared to measure the competence of the applicant to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The Board may employ, cooperate and contract with any organization or consultant in the preparation and grading of an examination, but shall retain the sole discretion and responsibility for determining which applicants have successfully passed such an examination.

(c) Internship and Other Training Programs.

(1) All applicants for licensure by examination shall obtain practical experience in the practice of pharmacy concurrent

with, or after college attendance, or both, under such terms and conditions as the Board shall determine.

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(2) The Board shall establish such licensure requirements for interns and standards for internship, or any other experiential program necessary to qualify an applicant for the licensure examination, and shall also determine the qualifications of preceptors used in practical experience programs.

Section 12620. Qualifications for License Transfer.

Reciprocity. In order for a pharmacist currently licensed in another jurisdiction to obtain a license as a pharmacist by license transfer in Guam, an applicant shall:

- (1) have submitted a written application in the form prescribed by the Board of Pharmacy;
 - (2) have attained the age of majority;
- (3) shall not have been found guilty by a competent authority, United States or foreign, of any conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under the regulations of the Board or the Act (The Board should be authorized, at its discretion, to modify this restriction for cause, but it should be directed to use such discretionary authority in a consistent manner.);
- (4) at the discretion of the Board, shall make a personal appearance before the Board or a representative thereof for interview, examination or review of credentials at the request of the Board (At the discretion of the Board, the applicant may be

required to present his or her original medical education 1 credentials for inspection at the time of personal appearance.); 2 shall be held responsible for verifying to the (5) 3 satisfaction of the Board the validity of all credentials required for 4 5 his or her licensure; have possessed at the time of initial licensure as a 6 (6)pharmacist all qualifications necessary to have been eligible for 7 8 licensure at that time in Guam; have engaged in the practice of pharmacy for a period 9 of at least one (1) year, or have met the internship requirements of 10 Guam within the one (1) year period immediately previous to the 11 12 date of such application; have presented to the Board proof of initial licensure 13 14 by examination and proof that such license is in good standing; 15 have presented to the Board proof that any other (9)16 license granted to the applicant by any other state has not been 17 suspended, revoked or otherwise restricted for any reason except 18 nonrenewal or for the failure to obtain the required continuing 19 education credits in any state where the applicant is currently 20 licensed, but not engaged in the practice of pharmacy; and 21 (10) have paid the fees specified by the Board. 22 Qualifications for Registration to Practice Section 12621. 23 Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines. applicant (a) An 24 applying for registration to engage in the practice of telepharmacy

Across Guam/State Lines shall:

1	(1) present to the Board proof of licensure in another
2	jurisdiction and proof that such license is in good standing;
3	(2) submit a written application in the form prescribed by
4	the Board of Pharmacy;
5	(3) pay the fee(s) specified by the Board of Pharmacy for
6	issuance of the license; and
7	(4) comply with all other requirements of the Board of
8	Pharmacy.
9	(b) Application.
10	(1) The written application required under §12617(a)(1) of
11	this Act shall request of the applicant, at a minimum, the
12	following information:
13	(i) name, address and current pharmacist licensure
14	information in all other jurisdictions, including
15	jurisdiction(s) of licensure and license number(s);
16	(ii) name, address, phone number, and, if applicable,
17	jurisdiction of licensure and license number of the site where
18	the practice of telepharmacy will originate;
19	(iii) a statement of the scope of patient services that
20	will be provided;
21	(iv) a description of the protocol or framework by
22	which patient care will be provided, including any
23	collaborative practice arrangements with other health care
24	practitioners; and

(v) a statement attesting that the applicant will abide by the pharmacy laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the patient is located.

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Section 12622. Renewal of Licenses. (a) Each Pharmacist and Pharmacy Intern shall apply for renewal of his license biannually no later than the last day of September. A Pharmacist or Pharmacy Intern who desires to continue in the Practice of Pharmacy in Guam shall file with the Board an application in such form and containing such data as the Board may require for renewal of the license. If the Board finds that the applicant has been licensed, and that such license has not been revoked or placed under suspension, that the applicant has paid the renewal fee, has continued his pharmacy education in accordance with the rules of the Board, and is entitled to continue in the Practice of Pharmacy, the Board shall issue a license to the applicant.

- (b) If a Pharmacist fails to make application to the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy for renewal of his license within a period of three years from the expiration of his license, he must pass an examination for license renewal; except that a person who has been licensed under the laws of Guam and after the expiration of his license, has continually practiced pharmacy in another State under a license issued by the authority of such State, may renew his license upon payment of the designated fee.
- (c) Each Pharmacist shall apply for renewal of his registration to Practice Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines annually, no later

than the last day of September. A Pharmacist who desires to continue in the Practice of Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines shall file with the Board an application in such form and containing such data as the Board may require for renewal of the registration. If the Board finds that the applicant has been licensed to Practice Pharmacy in another state and registered to Practice Telepharmacy Across State Lines in that state, that such license and registration have not been revoked or placed under suspension, and that the applicant has paid the renewal fee and is entitled to continue in the Practice of Telepharmacy Across State Lines, the Board shall issue a registration to the applicant.

Section 12623. Continuing Pharmacy Education. The Board shall, by rule, establish requirements for continuing education in pharmacy, including the determination of acceptable program content and fees. The Board shall adopt rules necessary to carry out the stated objectives and purposes and to enforce the provisions of this Section, and to ensure continued competence.

Section 12624. Intern/Extern Licensure. The Board of Pharmacy shall establish an internship program for the purpose of providing the practical experience necessary for licensure as a Pharmacist. The Board shall grant an Intern license to students in internship programs, authorizing those students to engage in the Practice of Pharmacy under the supervision of a Pharmacist. The Board of Pharmacy shall adopt rules regarding the licensure of Interns and the standards for internship programs.

1	Section 12625. Registration of Pharmacy Technicians. In						
2	order to be registered as a Pharmacy Technician in Guam, an applicant						
3	shall:						
4	(1) Have submitted a written application in the form						
5	prescribed by the Board of Pharmacy.						
6	(2) Have attained the age of eighteen.						
7	(3) Have good moral character.						
8	(4) Have paid the fees specified by the Board.						
9	(5) Have been certified by the Pharmacist-in-Charge of the						
10	Pharmacy where the applicant is employed as having successfully						
11	completed a training program conducted pursuant to a Pharmacy						
12	Technician Training Manual prepared in accordance with any						
13	rules established by the Board.						
14	(b) No Pharmacist whose license has been denied, revoked,						
15	suspended, or restricted for disciplinary purposes shall be eligible to be						
16	registered as a Pharmacy Technician.						
17	(c) The Board of Pharmacy shall, by rule, establish requirements						
18	for registration of Pharmacy Technicians.						
19	Section 12626. Discipline: Grounds, Penalties, and						
20	Reinstatement . (a) The Board of Pharmacy may refuse to issue						
21	or renew, or may suspend, revoke, restrict the licenses of, or fine any						
22	Person pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Act or upon one or						
23	more of the following grounds:						
24	(1) Unprofessional conduct as that term is defined by the						
25	rules of the Board.						

Incapacity that prevents a licensee from engaging in (2)1 the Practice of Pharmacy with reasonable skill, competence, and 2 safety to the public. 3 Being guilty of one (1) or more of the following: 4 (3)5 (i) a felony; violations of the pharmacy or drug laws of 6 (ii) Guam, or rules and regulation pertaining 7 thereto, or of laws, rules, and regulations of any 8 other state; or of the Federal government. 9 Knowing or suspecting that a Pharmacist or Pharmacy 10 (4)Intern is incapable of engaging in the Practice of Pharmacy or that 11 a Pharmacy Technician is capable of assisting in the Practice of 12 Pharmacy, with reasonable skill, competence, and safety to the 13 14 public, and failing to report any relevant information to the Board 15 of Pharmacy. Misrepresentation of a material fact by a licensee in 16 (5)17 securing the issuance or renewal of a license. 18 Fraud by a licensee in connection with the Practice of (6)19 Pharmacy. 20 Engaging, or aiding and abetting an individual to (7)21 engage in the Practice of Pharmacy without a license; assisting in 22 the Practice of Pharmacy or aiding and abetting an individual to 23 assist in the Practice of Pharmacy without having registered with 24 the Board of Pharmacy; or falsely using the title of Pharmacist or

Pharmacy Intern, or Pharmacy Technician.

(8) Failing to pay the costs assessed in a disciplinary hearing pursuant to this Act.

- (9) Engaging in any conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert any licensing examination or the administration of any licensing examination.
- (10) Being found by the Board to be in violation of any of the provisions of this Act or rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
- (11) Divulging or revealing Confidential Information or personally identifiable information to a Person other than as authorized by the rules of the Board.
- (b) Any Person whose license to practice pharmacy in Guam has been suspended, revoked, or restricted pursuant to this Act, whether voluntarily or by action of the Board, shall have the right, at reasonable intervals, to petition the Board for reinstatement of such license. Such petition shall be made in writing and in the form prescribed by the Board. Upon investigation and hearing, the Board may, in its discretion, grant or deny such petition, or it may modify its original finding to reflect any circumstances which have changed sufficiently to warrant such modifications. The Board, also at its discretion, may require such Person to pass an examination or examinations for reentry into the Practice of Pharmacy.
- (c) Nothing herein shall be construed as barring criminal prosecutions for violations of this Act.
- (d) All final decisions by the Board shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to the Administrative Adjudication Law.

(e) Any individual or entity whose license to practice pharmacy is revoked, suspended, or not renewed shall return his license to the offices of the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy within ten (10) days after receipt of notice of such action.

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Notwithstanding Section 12627. Procedure. any provisions of the Guam Administrative Adjudication Law, the Board may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend a license for not more than sixty (60) days if the Board finds that a Pharmacist, Pharmacy Intern, or Pharmacy Technician has violated a law or rule that the Board is empowered to enforce, and if continued practice by the Pharmacist or Pharmacy Intern would create an imminent risk of harm to the public. The suspension shall take effect upon written notice to the Pharmacist or Pharmacy Intern, specifying the statute or rule violated. At the time it issues the suspension notice, the Board shall schedule a disciplinary hearing to be held under the Administrative Adjudication Law within twenty (20) days thereafter. The Pharmacist or Pharmacy Intern shall be provided with at least ten (10) days notice of any hearing held under this Section.

Section 12628. Licensing of Facilities: Licensing. (a) All Persons, engaging in the Practice of Pharmacy or in the manufacture, production, sale, or distribution of drugs or devices, or pharmacies where drugs or devices are dispensed, shall be licensed by the Board of Pharmacy, and shall annually renew their license with the Board. Where operations are conducted at more than one location, each such location shall be licensed by the Board of Pharmacy.

(b) The Board may by rule determine the licensure classifications of all persons licensed under Article V, and establish minimum standards for such persons.

- (c) The Board shall establish by rule, under the powers granted to it under this Act and as may be required from time to time, under Federal law, the criteria which each person must meet to qualify for licensure in each classification. The Board may issue licenses with varying restrictions to such persons where the Board deems it necessary.
- (d) Each pharmacy shall have a Pharmacist-in-Charge. Whenever an applicable rule requires or prohibits action by a Pharmacy, responsibility shall be that of the owner and the Pharmacist-in-Charge of the Pharmacy, whether the owner is a sole proprietor, partnership, association, corporation, or otherwise.
- (e) The Board may enter into agreements with other states or with third parties for the purpose of exchanging information concerning the licensure and inspection of entities located in this jurisdiction and those located off island.
- (f) The Board of Pharmacy may deny or refuse to renew a license if it determines that the granting or renewing of such license would not be in the public interest.

Section 12629. Application. (a) The Board shall specify by rule the licensure procedures to be followed, including but not limited to specification of forms for use in applying for such licensure and times, places, and applicable fees.

- Applicants for licensure to distribute, manufacture, sell, purchase, and/or produce drugs or devices within Guam shall file with the Board of Pharmacy a verified application containing such information as the Board requires of the applicant relative to the qualifications for a license. Licenses issued by the Board pursuant to this Act shall not be transferable or assignable. The Board shall specify by rule minimum standards for
 - responsibility of any person or Pharmacy that has employees or personnel engaged in the Practice of Pharmacy, manufacture, distribution, production, sale, or use of drugs or devices in the conduct of their business. If the licensed person is a Pharmacy located in Guam, that portion of the facility to which such license applies shall be operated only under the direct supervision of a Pharmacist licensed to practice in Guam.

Section 12630. Notifications. (a) All licensed persons shall report to the Board of Pharmacy the occurrence of any of the following:

(1) Permanent closing.

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- (2) Change of ownership, management, location, or Pharmacist-in-Charge of a Pharmacy.
 - (3) Any theft or loss of drugs or devices.
- (4) Any conviction of any employee of any Guam, State or Federal drug laws, or;
- (5) Disasters, accidents, or any theft, destruction, or loss of records required to be maintained by Guam or Federal law.

Occurrences of significant adverse drug reactions as 1 defined by rules of the Board. 2 confidential information of Dissemination or 3 (7)personally identifiable information; or 4 Any and all other matters and occurrences as the 5 Board may require, by rule. 6 No **Section 12631.** Grounds, Penalties and Reinstatement. (a) 7 Person or Pharmacy designated in this Act shall operate until a license 8 9 has been issued to said Person by the Board. Except where otherwise permitted by law, it shall be 10 unlawful for a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor to distribute or 11 deliver drugs or devices to any person in Guam not licensed under this 12 statute. Any person who shall distribute or deliver drugs or devices to a 13 14 person not licensed shall be subject to a fine to be imposed by the Board not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each offense in 15 16 addition to such other disciplinary action the Board may take under this 17 Each such violation shall also constitute a misdemeanor Act. 18 punishable upon conviction as provided in the Criminal Code of Guam. 19 The Board may suspend, revoke, deny, or refuse to renew 20 the license of any Person or Pharmacy on any of the following grounds: 21 The finding by the Board of violations of any Federal, (1)22 State, or local laws relating to the Practice of Pharmacy, drug 23 samples, wholesale or retail drug or device distribution, or

distribution of controlled substances.

Any felony conviction under Federal, State, or local (2) 1 2 laws. The furnishing of false or fraudulent material in any (3)3 in connection with drug or device application made 4 manufacturing or distribution. 5 Suspension or revocation by Federal, State, or local 6 (4)government of any license currently or previously held by the 7 applicant for the manufacture or distribution of any drugs or 8 devices, including controlled substances. 9 fraud, by 10 (5)Obtaining any remuneration misrepresentation, or deception. 11 Dealing with drugs or devices that they know or 12 (6)should have known are stolen drugs or devices. 13 Purchasing or receiving of a drug or device from a 14 15 source other than a Person or Pharmacy licensed under the laws of 16 Guam, except where otherwise provided. 17 Wholesale drug distributors other than pharmacies (8)dispensing or distributing drugs or devices directly to patients; or 18 Violations of any of the provisions of this Act or of any 19 20 of the rules adopted by the Board under this Act, or 21 (10) Divulging or revealing confidential information or 22 personally identifiable information to a person other than as

authorized by the rules of the Board.

1 (d) Reinstatement of a license that has been suspended, 2 revoked, or restricted by the Board may be granted in accordance with 3 the procedures specified by Section 12626 of this Act."

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Section 2. Severability. If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or illegal, or the applicability of this Act to any Person, Pharmacy or circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the constitutionality or legality of the remaining provisions of this Act and the application of this Act to other Persons, Pharmacies, and circumstances shall not be affected and shall remain in full force and effect without the invalid provision or application.

11 Section 3. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect and come 12 into full force and effect upon enactment. PL24-201

Committee on Health and Human Services 24th Guam Legislature

155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910 Tel: (671) 472-3581 • Fax: (671) 472-3582

April 20, 1998

Honorable Antonio R. Unpingco Speaker Twenty Fourth Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910

VIA: Chairperson, Committee on Rules, Government Reform and Federal Affairs

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred Bill No. 594 (COR), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT," has had the same under consideration and now wishes to report back the same with the recommendation to do pass as substituted.

The Committee votes are as follows:

 _To Do Pass
 Not to Pass
 Abstain
 _ Inactive File

A copy of the Committee Report and other pertinent documents are attached for your immediate reference and information.

Sincerely,

EDWARDO J. CRUZ, MD

Chairperson.

Enclosure:

Committee Health and Human Services Vote Sheet on Substitute Bill No. 594 (COR)

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

COMMITTEE MEMBER	TO PASS	NOT TO PASS	ABSTAIN	INACTIVE FILE
9915m				
Edwardo J. Cruz, MD, Chairperso				
Antonio R. Unpingco, Speaker &	Ex-Officio			
Anthony C. Blaz, Member				
loanne M.S. Brown, Member				
Falix P. Gamacho, Member	1			
Mark C. Charfauros, Member	/			
William BSM Flores, Member				
Mark Forbes, Member				
Lawrence F. Kasperbauer, Mem	her			
Alberto A.C. Lamorena, V. Men				
Carolla U. Leon	N			
Carlotta A. Leon Guerrero, Men	nber			
Low Loon Guerrero Member				
Francis F Santos Momber				

Committee on Health and Human Services Report On Bill No. 594 (COR)

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

Introduced by Senators E. J. Cruz, J. C. Salas, L. F. Kasperbauer and A. C. Blaz.

PUBLIC HEARING:

The Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred Bill No. 594 (COR), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT," conducted a public hearing on Monday, April 6, 1998, starting 8:30 a. m., at the Legislative Public Hearing Room.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Senator Edwardo J. Cruz, Chairperson of the Committee on Health and Human Services convened the hearing promptly at 8:30 a.m. Committee members and other Senators present were: John C. Salas, Vice-Chairperson, William B.S.M. Flores, Lou Leon Guerrero, Carlotta A. Leon Guerrero, Frank B. Aguon, Jr. and Francisco P. Camacho.

TESTIMONY:

Written testimony was received from Ms. Mildred Gabriel, representing the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy. Ms. Gabriel enlightened the Committee that the current and past Board of Pharmacy have worked hard to update the current statutes governing the practice of pharmacy on Guam. She went on to say that one of the goals of the Board is to obtain membership into the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP).

According to Ms. Gabriel, the NABP includes all boards of pharmacy of all 50 states and membership into this prestigious organization will allow the Guam Board of Pharmacy to administer the "NABPLEX" – the National Pharmacy board exam given on Guam to qualified applicants. At this juncture, Ms. Gabriel informed the Committee that last November, the Guam Board of Pharmacy was granted full membership into NABP. On

August 15, 1998 the Board will be administering for the very first time, the NABP exam in Guam.

The Committee also received additional testimony supporting the Pharmacy law from Jay J. McDonald, OD. There being no further witnesses, the Chairperson adjourned the Committee's hearing on Bill No. 594.

FINDINGS:

The Committee finds that:

- 1. Passage of Bill No. 594 is designed to bring the practice of pharmacy into the 20th century. The legislation is not new it has been submitted to the Legislature for consideration since 1995. More importantly, Bill No. 594 is in concurrence with U.S. Federal Laws.
- 2. The legislation addresses concerns which have been presented to the Board from other healing boards, those concerns deal with the recognition of the prescribing authority of other professional for whom their respective boards have given them the right to prescribe. Some of these professions include; Optometrist, Physician's Assistants, and Advanced Nurse Practice Practitioners.
- 3. The legislation brings the practice up to date with current technology by accepting prescription through electronic transmission; and also acknowledging that pharmacies now use computers to fill prescription and allowing for automation.
- 4. Recognizing that prescriptions are part of a person's medical history, a "Confidentiality Clause" which has been lacking in Guam's laws is now included.
- 5. Passage of Bill No. 594 allows the Board of Pharmacy to promote its practice to young people who have expressed their interest by registering them as pharmacy technician, and having them go through training procedures.

RECOMMENDATION:

The Committee, having reviewed the testimonies presented at the public hearing, does hereby recommend to the Legislature that Bill No. 594 (COR), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT," be passed.

Profile on Bill No. 594 (COR)

Brief Title: "Pharmacy Practice Act."

Date Introduced: April 1, 1998.

Main Sponsors: Senators E. J. Cruz, J. C. Salas, L. F. Kasperbauer and A. C. Blaz.

Committee Referral: From the Committee on Rules, Government Reform and Federal

Affairs to the Committee on Health on Human Services.

Public Hearing: Monday, April 6, 1998, at the Legislative Public Hearing Room.

Official Title: AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER

12 OF TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR

PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

Recommendation: To do pass as substituted by the Committee on Health and

Human Services.

OVERVIEW AND INTENT:

It is the intent of Bill No. 594 to update the current statutes governing the practice of pharmacy on Guam. The legislation is also in concurrence with U.S. Federal Law regulating pharmacy practice. The legislation addresses concerns which have been presented to the Board from other healing boards. Those concerns deal with the prescribing authority of other professionals for whom their respective boards have given them the right to prescribe. Some of these professions include; Optometrist, Physician's Assistants, and Advanced Nurse Practice Practitioners.

More importantly, the Bill No. 594 brings the pharmacy practice up to date with modern technology by allowing for automation, and by accepting prescription through electronic transmission and by acknowledging that pharmacies now use computers to fill prescription.

Bill No. 594 as substituted by the Committee recognizes that prescriptions are part of a person's medical history, a "Confidentiality Clause" which has been lacking in Guam's laws is now included.

Passage of Bill No. 594 allows the Board of Pharmacy to promote its practice to young people who have expressed their interest by registering them as pharmacy

technician, and having them go through training procedures. The other portion of the legislation deals with the definitions of the board and its duties. Also, the passage of Bill No. 594 declares that the practice of pharmacy is a professional practice and subject to regulation and control in the public interest.

ANALYSIS:

Section 1. Repeals and reenacts Article 6, Chapter 12 of Title 10 of the Guam Code Anotated which regulates the practice of pharmacy on Guam. A closer shows that the following Article and Sections (§§12601 – 1263) are affected by this Act.

ARTICLE 6. GUAM PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

§12601. Title of Act. Cites the Act as the "Guam Pharmacy Practice Act of 1998."

§12602. Legislative Declaration. Declares that the Practice of Pharmacy in Guam is declared a professional practice affecting the public health, safety, and welfare of the people of Guam.

§12603. Statement of Purpose. It is the purpose of this Act to promote, preserve, and protect the public health, safety, and welfare by and through the effective control and regulation of the Practice of Pharmacy.

§12604. Practice of Pharmacy. Defines the "Practice of Pharmacy".

§12605. Definitions. Clarifies the meaning, usage and intent of certain words and phrases used throughout Act.

§12606. Board of Pharmacy. Designates that the Board be responsible for enforcement of this Act.

§12607. Membership. Ensures that the Board consists of five (5) members.

§12608. Qualifications. Specifies the qualifications of the Board members.

§12609. Appointment. Provides for the appointment and nomination of members to serve o the Board.

§12610. Terms of Office. Outlines the terms of office and provides that members serve in staggered terms to ensure continuity.

§12611. Vacancies. Provides that any vacancy shall be filled by the Governor.

§12612. Removal. Provides that Board member may be removed for cause.

§12613. Organization. The Board shall be comprised of a Chairperson and such other officers as it deems appropriate and necessary to the conduct of its business.

§12614. Compensation of Board Members. Member of the Board shall receive a \$50.00 for each day on which the member is engaged in performance of the official duties.

§12615. Meetings. Provides that the Board shall meet no less than 4 times a year to transact its business. The Board shall meet at such additional times as it may determine.

§12616. Rules. To provides for the administration and enforcement of this Act the Board is authorized to adopt necessary rules and regulations through the Administrative Adjudication law.

§12617. Powers and Responsibilities. Outlines the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Board.

§12618. Licensing: Unlawful Practice. Ensures that all person(s) wishing to engage in the practice of pharmacy must qualify and be licensed.

§12619. Qualifications for Licensure by Examination. Outlines the procedures necessary to obtain a license to engage in the Practice of Pharmacy.

§12620. Qualifications for License Transfer. Reciprocity. Establishes procedures for other Pharmacist currently licensed in other jurisdictions to obtain a license as a Pharmacist by license transfer in Guam.

§12621. Qualifications for Registration to Practice Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines. Outlines the requirements for an applicant applying for registration to engage in the Practice of Telepharmacy Across Guam/State Lines.

§12622. Renewal of Licenses. Each Pharmacist and Pharmacy Intern shall apply for renewal of his license biannually no later than the last day of September.

§12623. Continuing Pharmacy Education. Authorizes the Board to establish requirements for continuing education in pharmacy, including the determination of acceptable program content and fees.

§12624. Intern/Extern Licensure. The Board of Pharmacy shall establish an internship program for the purpose of providing the practical experience necessary for licensure as a Pharmacist.

§12625. Registration of Pharmacy Technicians. Outlines the requirements necessary to be registered as a Pharmacy Technician in Guam.

§12626. Discipline: Grounds, Penalties, and Reinstatement. For disciplinary reasons the Board may refuse to issue or renew, or may suspend, revoke, restrict the licenses of, or fine any Person pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Act or upon one or more of the following grounds:

§12627. Procedure. Authorizes that the Board may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend a license for not more than 60 days if it finds that a Pharmacist, Pharmacy Intern, or Pharmacy Technician has violated a law or rule and that continued practice would create an imminent risk of harm to the public.

§12628. Licensing of Facilities: Licensing. Mandates that all Persons, engaging in the Practice of Pharmacy or in the manufacture, production,

sale, or distribution of Drugs or Devices, or Pharmacies where Drugs or Devices are dispensed, shall be licensed by the Board and shall annually renew their license.

§12629. Application. The Board shall specify by rule the licensure procedures to be followed, including but not limited to specification of forms for use in applying for such licensure and times, places, and applicable fees.

§12630. Notifications. All licensed Persons shall report to the Board of Pharmacy the occurrence of problems requiring the changes in owner(s), and the result of theft or disasters or destroyed records.

§12631. Grounds, Penalties, and Reinstatement. For the protection of the community this provisions ensures that no Person or Pharmacy designated in this Act shall operate until a license has been issued to said Person by the Board.

Section 2. Severabilty.

Section 3. Effective Date.



GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY

Department of Public Health & Social Services
Government of Guam
P.O. Box 2816
Agana, Guam 96910

TESTIMONY TO BILL 594

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT ARTICLE 6 CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10, OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO THE GUAM BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT.

The Guam Board of Pharmacy is here today to testify in favor of passing Bill 594.

The current and past Board of Pharmacy have worked hard to update the current statutes regarding the laws governing the practice of pharmacy on Guam. Passage of this bill will bring the practice of pharmacy into the 20th century. This bill is also in concurrence with U.S. Federal laws. The proposed legislation you now have is not new – it has been with the legislative body since 1995!!!

One of the goals of the current Board of Pharmacy is to obtain membership into the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP). This organization includes all boards of pharmacy of all 50 states. Membership into this prestigious organization will allow the Guam board of pharmacy to administer the "NABPLEX" – The National Pharmacy board exam given on Guam to qualified applicants. No longer will our local people have to go off island to take the exam.

Mrs. Teo Cruz, our Executive Administrator, was sent to appear before the NABP membership committee. At that meeting, the officers of the NABP encouraged Guam to update our laws to meet U.S. standards. This legislation addresses those concerns. Last November, the Guam Board of Pharmacy was granted full membership into the NABP. On August 15, 1998 we are proud to announce that we will be administering for the very first time, the NABP exam in the Territory of Guam.

One highlight of this bill addresses concerns presented to the Board of Pharmacy from the other healing boards. Those concerns deal with the recognition of the prescribing authority of other professions for whom their boards have given them the right to prescribe. Some of these professions include Optometrists, Physician's Assistants, and Advanced Nurse Practitioners. Our current laws do not allow pharmacists to fill any of these prescriptions.



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Another very important new feature of this statute brings us up to date with the technology of the 20th century. Accepting prescriptions through electronic transmission. This could be through fax machines and, in the future, possibly e-mail. It also acknowledges that pharmacies now use computer systems to fill prescriptions and allows for automation.

With regard to prescriptions, we have included a "Confidentiality Clause" which is lacking in our current laws. Prescriptions are part of a person's medical history and should not be given out to anyone other than the patient. Also addressed is the need for expiration dates on all prescribed medications.

The Board of Pharmacy has always been interested in promoting its practice to our young people. With that in mind, a section has been included to recognize and register pharmacy technicians, and have them go through training procedures. It is our hope to stimulate the minds of our young people to continue on and pursue a rewarding career as pharmacists.

The rest of Bill 594 deals with the definition of the board and its duties. We are therefore humbly asking your unanimous support in the passage of this very important legislation the only goal of which is to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of our patients on Guam. And, that the practice of pharmacy is declared a professional practice and subject to regulation and control in the public interest.

To: Members of the Committee on Health and Human Services Twenty-Fourth Guam Legislature

My name is Jay McDonald. I have been a Doctor of Optometry on Guam since 1991. I am in support of repealing and reenacting Article 6, Chapter 12, of Title 10, of the Guam Code Annotated relative to the Guam Board of Examiners for Pharmacy Practice Act.

In the spring of 1995, the Guam Legislature voted to change the Guam Optometry Law to expand the scope of practice for qualified optometrists by permitting them to prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents for the treatment of eye disease. The Rules and Regulations governing their use were passed by the Guam Legislature in the spring of 1997. While the current Optometry Law allows optometrists to prescribe pharmaceutical agents, the current Guam Pharmacy Law does not include optometrists in the listing of practitioners for whom pharmacists may fill prescriptions.

The proposed repeal and reenactment of the Pharmacy Law changes the definition of "Practitioner" to mean "an individual currently licensed, registered, or otherwise authorized by the jurisdiction to prescribe and, Administer Drugs in the course of professional practice."

I am in support of the Pharmacy Law change because it will eliminate the conflict between the two laws and allow optometrists to prescribe medications as mandated by the current Optometry Law.

Sincerely,

Jay J. McDonald, O.D.